

INTERNATIONAL 420 CLASS RULES 2013 v2



IND	EX	C.5	Portable Equipment	. 8
DAD.	T I – ADMINISTRATION	C.6	Boat	
PAR	I I - ADMINISTRATION	C.7	Hull	
Secti	on A – General	C.8	Hull Appendages	9
A.1	General Information3	C.9	Rig	
A.2	Language3	C.10	Sails	. 10
A.3	Abbreviations3			
A.4	Authorities and Responsibilities 3		ion D – Hull	
A.5	Administration of the Class3		Certification	
A.6	ISAF Rules 4		Builders	
A.7	Amendments to Class Rules4		Building & Materials for Building	
A.8	Class Rules Variations4		Assembled Hull	
A.9	Interpretations of Class Rules4		Hull Weight	
A.10	ICA fee ICA Plaque & Sail button 4	D.6 C	Corrector Weights	18
A.11	Certification & Measurement			
	certificate5	Secti	ion E – Centreboard, rudder & tille	r
A.12	Validity of measurement Certificates 5	E.1	Measurement	19
A.13	Re-Certification5	E.2	Centreboard	19
Secti	on B – Boat Eligibility	E.3	Rudder	20
B.1	Certificate6	Secti	ion F – Rig	
B.2	Certification marks 6	F.1	Measurement	22
B.3	Class membership6	F.2	Mast	
B.4	ICA Plaque6	F.3	Boom	
B.5	Builder's Plaque6	F.4	Spinnaker Pole	
		F.5	Rigging & fittings	
	T II – REQUIREMENTS AND FATIONS			
	TATIONS	Secti	ion G – Sails	
Secti	on C – Conditions for Racing	G.1	Measurement	. 26
C.1	General 7	G.2	Certification	
C.2	Crew7	G.3	Mainsail	
C.3	Personal Equipment 7	G.4	Headsail	
C.4	Advertising 8	G.5	Spinnaker	

Section A – GENERAL

A.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

- A.1.1 The International 420 class rules are closed class rules.
- **A.1.2** The 420 is a one-design class. The intention of these rules is to ensure that the **boats** are as alike as possible in all respects affecting performance, in order that **crews** may compete against each other on level terms.
- A.1.3 These rules are complementary to the Lines plan (plan de formes), the building specifications (Drawing N° 5), the International 420 Class Association (ICA) **rudder** blade drawing and the 420 International Measurement Form (IMF). The current issue of these official documents is listed at the end of this document. These items, however complete, cannot anticipate every situation that may arise. If a point is not clearly covered, a ruling shall be obtained from the ISAF through the ICA technical Committee.

A.2 LANGUAGE

- **A.2.1** The official language of the Class is English and in the event of dispute over interpretation, the English text shall prevail.
- **A.2.2** The word "shall" is mandatory and the word "may" is permissive.
- A.2.3 The term "permanent" shall mean unable to be removed with simple tools, or fixed with glue or rivets. For limit marks, it shall mean unable to be removed and repositioned without destroying them.
- **A.2.4** All units are metric and all dimensions, unless otherwise stated, are in millimetres.

A.3 ABBREVIATIONS

A.3.1	ISAF	International Sailing Federation
	MNA	ISAF Member National authority
	ICA	International 420 Class Association
	IMF	420 International Measurement Form
	NCA	National 420 Class Association
	ERS	Equipment Rules of Sailing
	RRS	Racing Rules of Sailing

A.4 AUTHORITIES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

- **A.4.1** The International authority of the class is the ISAF, which shall co-operate with the ICA in all matters concerning these **class rules**.
- A.4.2 Neither the ISAF, an MNA, the ICA, an NCA, a **certification authority**, or an **official measurer** are under any legal responsibility in respect of these **class rules** and the accuracy of measurement, nor can any claims arising from these be entertained.
- **A.4.3** Notwithstanding anything contained herein, the **certification authority** has the authority to withdraw a **certificate** and shall do so on the request of the ISAF.

A.5 ADMINISTRATION OF THE CLASS

The Class is administered by the ICA, in conjunction with the ISAF. The ICA may delegate parts or all of its functions, as stated in these **class rules**, to an MNA or an NCA.

A.6 ISAF RULES

These **class rules** shall be read in conjunction with the current version of the ERS. When a term is used in its defined sense, it is printed in **bold** type if defined in the ERS and in *italic* type if defined in the RRS.

A.7 AMENDMENTS TO CLASS RULES

A.7.1 Amendments to these **Class Rules** shall be proposed by the ICA and are subject to the approval of the ISAF in accordance with the ISAF regulations.

A.8 CLASS RULES VARIATIONS

A.8.1 At World or Continental Championships the notice of race and sailing instructions may change the class rules only with the agreement of the ICA and the ISAF.

A.9 INTERPRETATION OF CLASS RULES

A.9.1 GENERAL

Except as provided by A.9.2, interpretation of these **class rules** shall be made by ISAF in conjunction with the ICA. Request for an interpretation shall be made in accordance with the ISAF regulations.

A.9.2 AT AN EVENT

Any interpretation of **class rules** required at an event may be made by an international jury, constituted in accordance with the RRS appendix N. In this case, the jury shall consult the event chief measurer. Such interpretations shall be valid only during the event, and the organizing authority shall, as soon as practical after the event, inform the ISAF and the ICA of such an interpretation.

A.10 ICA FEE, ICA PLAQUE AND SAIL BUTTONS

- **A.10.1** The ICA fee is to be set annually by the ICA and may increase in line with the annual recommendation from ISAF.
- **A.10.2** The treasurer of the ICA, after having received the class fee, shall send to the licensed builder the ICA Plague, with the sail number allocated to the **boat**.
- **A.10.3** Licensed builders shall pay for a minimum of ten plaques each year to the treasurer of the ICA.
- **A.10.4.** The Sail number for each boat is allocated by the ICA and specified on the ICA Plaque.
- **A.10.5** Competitors may use the sail number of any hull still owned by them, on any boat chartered or owned by them.
- **A.10.6** Each **sail** first **certified** after 1st March 2005 shall have permanently fixed an officially numbered ICA royalty sail button or sticker. No **sail** shall be accepted for **certification control** without a sail button / sticker. Sail buttons / stickers shall not be transferred from a **sail** to another.

A.11 CERTIFICATION AND MEASUREMENT CERTIFICATE

- **A.11.1** For a **hull** not previously **certified**, **certification measurement** for all items to be measured and to be in conformity with the Official documents shall be carried out by an **official measurer**, and the details entered into the IMF which, when completed, shall be supplied to the owner by the builder.
- **A.11.2** Certification measurement shall be carried out only by official measurers appointed both by their MNA and the ICA. An official measurer shall not perform certification control on any part owned, designed or build by him, or in which he is an interested party, or has a vested interest, except where permitted by these class rules.
- A.11.3 The IMF is necessary to obtain the measurement certificate. The measurement certificate is obtained as follows:

 The owner shall send the IMF together with any registration fee to the certification authority in the country where the boat is to be registered. Upon receipt of a satisfactorily completed IMF and the fee, the certification authority issues the measurement certificate to the owner. The certification authority shall retain a copy of the IMF.

A.12 VALIDITY OF THE MEASUREMENT CERTIFICATE

- A.12.1 A **certificate** is still valid after an alteration of the **corrector weights** only if the **hull** is re-weighed by an **official measurer**. When the **hull** is re-weighed, the measurer shall enter the details on the IMF and the Measurement **certificate** shall be endorsed by the certification authority.
- **A.12.2** A Measurement **certificate** becomes invalid upon:
 - a) Change of ownership,
 - b) Alterations other than permitted routine maintenance such as small repairs, painting, sanding and polishing to items required by the IMF to be measured,
 - c) Withdrawal by the **certification authority**,
 - d) The issue of a new certificate.

A.13 RE-CERTIFICATION

- A.13.1 Upon change of ownership, the new owner shall apply to the **certification authority** where the **boat** will be registered for a new measurement **certificate**. The application shall include the old measurement **certificate**, the IMF, and any registration fee that may be required. A new measurement **certificate** shall then be issued to the new owner.
- **A.13.2** Upon alteration or repair to an item required by the IMF to be measured, the relevant item shall be re-measured by an **official measurer** and the details entered on the IMF. The owner shall apply for a new measurement **certificate** (see A.13.1 for the procedure).
- **A.13.3** When the **certificate** has become invalid under A.12.2 (c), the **certification authority** may issue a new **certificate** at its discretion.

Section B - BOAT ELIGIBILITY

For a **boat** to be eligible to race, the rules in this section shall be complied with.

B.1 CERTIFICATE

No **crew** shall take part in class races unless the **boat** has a valid measurement **certificate**, in English or with English subtitles, including **corrector weight** details.

B.2 CERTIFICATION MARKS

Each sail shall carry a valid certification mark according to G.2.1.

B.3 CLASS MEMBERSHIP

The **crew** shall be current members of a NCA.

B.4 INTERNATIONAL 420 CLASS ASSOCIATION PLAQUE

The ICA Plaque shall be affixed to the hull, as specified in D.1.5

B.5 INTERNATIONAL 420 BUILDER'S PLAQUE

The builder's Plaque shall be affixed to the hull, as specified in D.1.5

PART II - REQUIREMENTS AND LIMITATIONS

The **crew** and the **boat** shall comply with the rules in Part II when *racing*. Measurement to check conformity with rules of Section C is not part of **equipment certification measurement.**

Section C - CONDITIONS FOR RACING

C.1 GENERAL

C.1.1 MEASUREMENT

Unless otherwise stated, measurement shall be carried out in accordance with the current version of the ERS.

C.1.2 RULES

- **C.1.2.1** If the wind speed is consistently 13 knots or above, measured at deck level, the race committee may permit pumping, rocking and ooching as stated in RRS P5. If the Race Committee displays flag "O" before or with the warning signal, these actions are permitted from the preparatory signal.
- C.1.2.2 RRS 49.1 is modified as per class rule C3.2
- C.2 CREW

C.2.1 LIMITATIONS

- **C.2.1.1** The **crew** shall consist of two persons, each in contact with the **boat**.
- **C.2.1.2** No **crew** member shall be substituted during an event without the approval of the Race Committee.

C.2.2 RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CREW

It is the **crew**'s responsibility to ensure that the **boat** and **personal equipment** comply with the **class rules** when *racing*.

C.3 PERSONAL EQUIPMENT

C.3.1 MANDATORY

When *racing*, each **crew** member shall wear **personal flotation device** to the minimum standard ISO 12402-5 (Level 50) or equivalent. Inflatable buoyancy vests are not permitted.

RRS 43.1(b) shall apply, with the amendment that each **crew** member's **personal equipment** shall weigh 9 kg maximum, including footwear and clothing worn below the knees but excluding the trapeze harness.

C.3.2 OPTIONAL

As an alteration to RRS 49.1, a **trapeze** may be used, but only one member of the **crew** shall use a trapeze harness. The trapeze harness shall not be filled with **ballast**, shall float, and shall have a maximum weight of 4 kg (Weight shall be determined as required by RRS Appendix H). A **crew** member using a **trapeze** shall be in contact with the **hull** at all times except in the situation of accidental movement and or a manoeuvre.

C.4 ADVERTISING

C.4.1 CATEGORY

Advertising including competitor advertising is permitted in accordance with ISAF Regulation 20 - Advertising code.

C.5 PORTABLE EQUIPMENT

C.5.1 FOR USE

- a) OPTIONAL
 - 1) One hand bailer or bucket and/or sponge
 - 2) One compass fixed to a mounting bracket. The compass shall not recess into either side tank or deck. The mounting bracket may be attached on the **mast** or may be used to close the mast gate. If electronic, only a compass with heading, heading memory and timing functions is permitted. Electronic or mechanical timing devices, which shall be removable.
 - 3) Spare parts such as blocks, shackles, ropes etc.

C.5.2 NOT FOR USE

- a) OPTIONAL
 - 1) One paddle
- b) MANDATORY
 - The **boat** shall be fitted with a floating towing rope of a minimum length of 8 meters and minimum diameter of 8 mm, secured to the **mast**, and which can be grasped at the stem (even if the **boat** is capsized) from a rescue boat.

C.6. BOAT

C.6.1 WEIGHT

The **boat** fully rigged for sailing and in dry condition, but excluding **sails**, towing rope, **personal** and **portable equipment** shall have a minimum weight of 100 kg. A compass with associated bracket, if present, shall be included in the **boat weight**. **Corrector weights**, including any required by D.6, shall have a maximum weight of 2 kg.

C.6.2 FLOTATION

- **C.6.2.1** The **boat** shall have two side buoyancy tanks and one in the front. At initial **certification measurement**, the measurer shall check the water-tightness of the buoyancy tanks, inspection ports and drain plugs. If the buoyancy is unsatisfactory, the measurer shall not sign the IMF until satisfactory remedial measures have been taken. Thereafter, it is the responsibility of the competitor/owner to ensure the water-tightness of these tanks.
- **C.6.2.2** Inspection hole covers and drainage plugs shall be kept in place when *racing*.

C.7 HULL

C.7.1 FITTINGS

Rigging and fittings listed hereunder shall be fitted and used only as specified. Except where otherwise specified, the direction of the control lines, sheets, and ropes shall not be modified by means of shackles, rings, loops thimbles or holes in the **boat**. Fittings listed hereunder shall comply with the current **class rules**. All fittings, fastenings and local reinforcement for fittings shall be only for their normal purpose and shall not be used to increase the weight of the boat.

C.8 HULL APPENDAGES

C.8.1 LIMITATIONS

Only one **centreboard** and one **rudder** blade shall be used during an event except in case of loss or damage beyond repair. Such replacement may be made only with the approval of the Race Committee.

C.8.2 CENTREBOARD

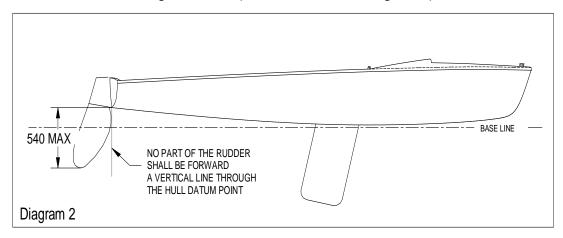
(a) USE

The **centreboard** shall be fitted by means of an axis pin through a hole in the centreboard case, which may include a bushing. When fully raised, no part of the **centreboard** shall project below the **hull** surface.

C.8.3 RUDDER

(a) USE

No part of the **rudder** blade, when fully lowered, shall extend more than 540 mm below the HDP. The leading edge of the **rudder** blade shall not be forward of a vertical line through the HDP (see measurement diagram 2).



C.9 RIG

C.9.1 LIMITATIONS

Only one **mast, boom and spinnaker pole** shall be used during an event, except in case of loss of damage beyond repair. Such replacement may only be made with the approval of the Race Committee.

C.9.2 MAST

(a) USE

- 1) Chocks may be used to control the fore and aft bend of the mast **spar** at the mast partner.
- 2) The mast heel position shall not be adjusted on the mast step when racing.
- 3) Adjustable spreaders –if used- shall not be able to be remotely controlled, and shall not be adjusted when *racing*.

- 4) The effective length of the shrouds shall not be adjusted when racing.
- 5) The forestay under tension shall be entirely in metal and shall prevent the mast from disengaging from the mast partners. To meet this requirement the widest section of the mast shall be within the mast partners when the mast rakes under its own weight and the forestay comes under tension, as in Diagram 3. The forestay shall be connected to the stemhead fitting with either: a shackle, a rigging plate with holes and pins, a steel wire rope strop of minimum diameter of 2mm or any combination of the above. Elastic rope tied on the forestay and the stemhead is permitted.

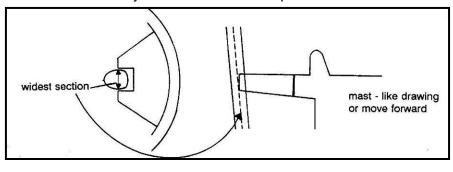


DIAGRAM 3

C.10 SAILS

C.10.1 MAINTENANCE

C.10.1.1 Routine maintenance such as sewing, mending and patching is permitted without recertification. Altered sails shall be re-certified and the official measurer shall place a new certification mark on the sail with the new date of certification control.

C.10.2 LIMITATIONS

- **C.10.2.1** Not more than one mainsail, one jib and one spinnaker shall be carried aboard when racing.
- **C.10.2.2** Not more than one mainsail, one jib and one spinnaker shall be used during an event, except when a sail has been lost or damaged beyond repair, or when otherwise specified in the sailing instructions. Such replacement may be made only with the approval of the Race Committee.

C.10.3 MAINSAIL

C.10.3.1 IDENTIFICATION

Identification shall comply with the RRS except where mentioned hereunder:

As an alteration to RRS Appendix G 1.3 (a), the following items shall be positioned on each side of the **sail** as follows:

- (a) National letters above and below and adjacent to the second batten from the top, port and starboard not overlapping each other, those on starboard side being uppermost.
- (b) Sail numbers above and below and adjacent to the third batten from the top, port and starboard not overlapping each other, those on starboard side being uppermost.
- (c) Mainsails used in women's only events shall carry a red rhombus (length of diagonals 250mm minimum) above the top batten pocket on both sides. The position should be approximately in the centre of the triangle formed by the top batten and the mainsail **head**. The rhombus may be retained for racing in other events.

Numbers and letters shall be in red, of a minimum width of 200 mm (except number 1 and letter I), of a minimum thickness of 45 mm and of a minimum height of 300 mm.

Other dimensions and indications regarding letters and numbers are specified in RRS Appendix G.1.2 (b).

All numbers, letters and the emblem shall be of paint or other, securely attached durable material.

C.10.3.2 USE

- **C.10.3.2.1** The **sail** shall be hoisted on a halyard. The arrangement shall permit hoisting and lowering of the **sail** while afloat with the **boat** upright.
- **C.10.3.2.2** The sail shall be set so that the highest visible point of it, projected at 90° to the mast spar, shall not be higher than the upper point, and the aft-most visible part of the leech, projected at 90° to the boom spar, is forward of the outer point on the boom.
- C.10.3.2.3 Luff and foot bolt ropes shall be in the respective spar grooves or tracks.
- C.10.4 JIB

C.10.4.1 USE

The **sail** shall be hoisted on a halyard. The arrangement shall permit hoisting and lowering of the **sail** while afloat with the boat upright.

C.10.4.2 Only one steel luff wire of minimum diameter of 2mm shall be fitted inside the jib luff sleeve when *racing*.

C.10.5 SPINNAKER

C.10.5.1 Identification

Identification shall comply with RRS, except where mentioned hereunder:

As an alteration to RRS Appendix G 1.3 (d), national letters are optional.

If positioned, national letters may be in line with the **sail** numbers. The colour of letters and numbers is optional, but they shall be all of the same colour, fully painted, and shall contrast with the colour of the panel to which they are positioned, of a minimum width of 200 mm (except number 1 and letter I), of a minimum thickness of 45 mm and of a minimum height of 300 mm. Other dimensions and indications regarding letters and numbers are specified in RRS.

All numbers and letters shall be of paint or other, securely attached durable material. Numbers and letters, if on both sides, shall not overlap and shall be placed at different heights with a minimum space of 60 mm.

C.10.5.2 USE

The **sail** shall be hoisted on a halyard. The arrangement shall permit hoisting and lowering of the **sail** while afloat with the **boat** upright.

Section D - HULL AND DECK

D.1 CERTIFICATION

- D.1.1 Only an **official measurer** shall measure the **hull** and sign the declaration on the IMF that it complies with the **class rules**, lines plan and building specification (Drawing 5). Measurements to ensure the conformity of the **hull** are specified on the IMF but the intention is that beyond these measurements, the **hull** shall completely conform to the Official Documents.
- D.1.2 To be **certified** in conformity with the **class rules**, Lines Plan and Building specification (Drawing N° 5) the **hull** shall comply with the official documents in force at the time of initial **certification measurement**.
- **D.1.3** Measurement shall be carried out in accordance with the current version of the ERS.
- D.1.4 Templates used for certification measurement of hull shall be supplied by the ISAF. Tolerances are only given to allow minor building errors and shall not be deliberately used to alter the design. The boat, before leaving the builder's premises shall be measured by an official measurer. The measurer shall report on the IMF what he considers being a departure from the intended nature and design of the boat, and the measurement certificate may be refused.
- **D.1.5** No **boat** shall leave the builders' premises without the ICA plaque and the builder's plaque affixed. The builder's Plaque shall mention:
 - The trade mark of the boat
 - The name and the address of the builder
 - The year of building.

The ICA plaque shall mention:

- The ISAF logo
- The ICA logo
- The sail number allocated to the **boat**

The ICA plaque shall be affixed on the starboard side tank, close to the transom and the builder's plaque on the inside transom (see also rules B.4 and B.5)

D.2 BUILDERS

- D.2.1 International 420 hulls shall be moulded and assembled only by licensed builders. Application for a licence shall be made to the ISAF which shall consult with the ICA and the MNA of the country where the builder has its yard before granting a license. Hulls shall be supplied only as permanently assembled boat units. Rigs, sails, hull appendages and fittings may be produced by any manufacturer.
- **D.2.2** Licensed builders have the sole responsibility that their production moulds, plugs and assembled **boats** comply with the relevant **class rules** and official documents.
- **D.2.3** If a builder does not comply with the requirements quoted in the **class rules** and the Official documents, the ISAF may revoke the license on the recommendation of the ICA.
- **D.2.4** If a builder is found to have supplied a **boat** that does not comply with the rules in application, he shall be liable to rectify the error, and may have his license as a builder withdrawn.

D.3 BUILDING AND MATERIALS FOR BUILDING

- **D.3.1** The **hull** shall be built in conformity with the building specifications (Drawing N° 5)
- **D.3.2** Materials used for building shall be those specified on the Building specification (Drawing N°5).

- **D.3.3** No less than 0.05 m³ of positive buoyancy shall be securely attached in each side tank to give approximately equal buoyancy laterally and longitudinally. The buoyancy shall be of closed cell rigid foam, or alternatively of air containers of not less than two litres each. It shall not be used as reinforcement.
- **D.3.4** Non-slip material, tape and low-friction material not exceeding 4mm in thickness may be added to the **hull** as long as it does not change the stiffness of the hull.

D.4 ASSEMBLED HULL

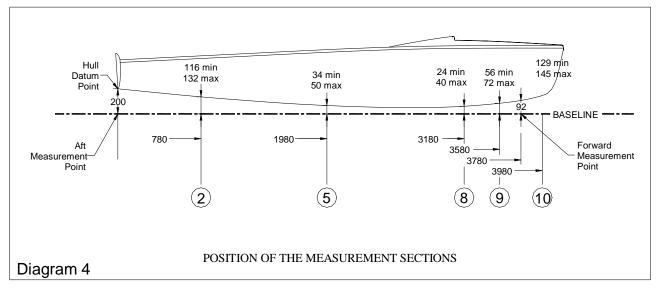
D.4.1 DIMENSIONS AND MEASUREMENT

- **D.4.1.1** The hull datum point (HDP) is the intersection on the hull centre plane of the transom external surface with the underside of the hull surface, both extended as necessary. The aft measuring point (AMP) is the projection of the HDP on the baseline.
- **D.4.1.2** For **fundamental measurement** of boats built by current fully licensed builders after the 1st July 2007 the base line shall be set at 200 mm below the HDP and 92 mm below the keel at 3780 mm from the HDP. For new builders the effective date is 1st March 2006. Current licensed builders may also use this system before July 1st 2007. All measurements carried out from the HDP shall be made parallel to the baseline and depth measurements perpendicular to the base line. Measurement sections shall be perpendicular to the base line.
- **D.4.1.3** The **hull length** shall be minimum 4180 mm and maximum 4220 mm.
- **D.4.1.4** Measurement sections 1 to 10 shall be at the following positions from the HDP:

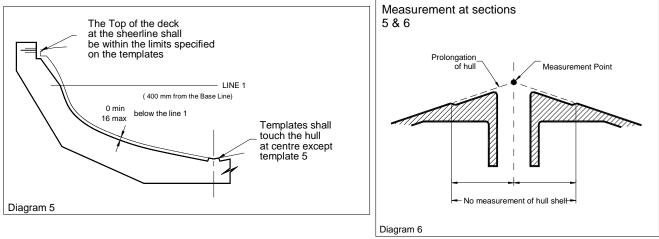
Section 1: at 380 mm from HDP.
Section 2: at 780 mm from HDP.
Section 3: at 1180 mm from HDP.
Section 4: at 1580 mm from HDP.
Section 5: at 1980 mm from HDP.
Section 6: at 2380 mm from HDP.
Section 7: at 2780 mm from HDP.
Section 8: at 3180 mm from HDP.
Section 9: at 3580 mm from HDP.
Section 10: at 3980 mm from HDP.

Vertical distance from baseline to underside of hull shell;	Minimum	Maximum
at section 1	154 mm	170 mm
at section 2	116 mm	132 mm
at section 3	84 mm	100 mm
at section 4	55 mm	71 mm
at section 5	34 mm	50 mm
at section 6	20 mm	36 mm
at section 7	15 mm	31 mm
at section 8	24 mm	40 mm
at section 9	56 mm	72 mm
at section 10	129 mm	145 mm

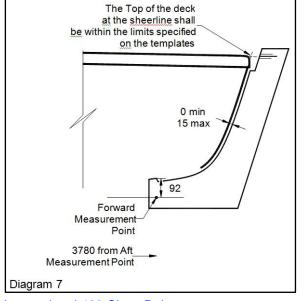
D.4.1.5 Certification measurement of boats shall be performed at sections 2, 5, 8, 9 & 10. If the measurer is in doubt regarding the conformity of the hull to the lines plan, the hull may be checked at all measurement sections. Prototype measurement for mould approval shall be performed at all 10 stations.

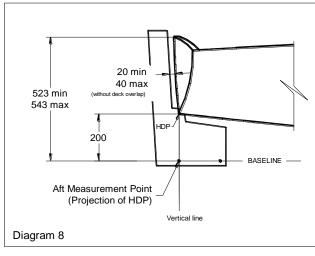


D.4.1.6 Section templates shall be applied as shown on diagrams 5 and 6. The top of the deck at the sheerline as defined in the building specification shall be not more than 10 mm above or below the sheerline marks on the templates. The gunwale shall touch the templates or clear by a maximum of 50 mm. Below line 1, the templates shall touch the hull or clear by not more than 16 mm, and the difference between the greatest and least clearance shall not exceed 12 mm.

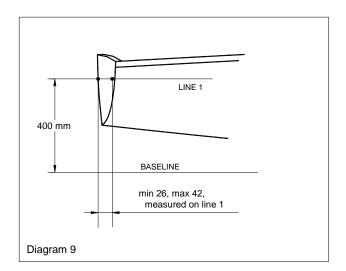


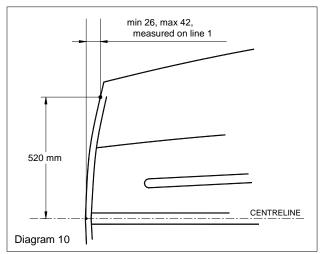
D.4.1.7 The stem template shall be applied as shown on measurement diagram 7. The template shall touch the stem or clear by not more than 15 mm.



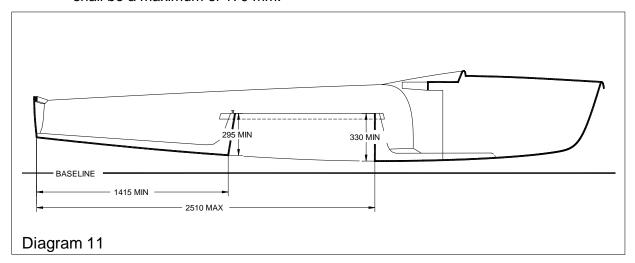


- **D.4.1.8** The transom template shall be applied as shown on measurement diagram 8. The distance between the transom and the template shall be minimum 20 mm and maximum 40 mm except at the deck overlap.
- **D.4.1.9** The transom radius shall be checked in a horizontal plan located 400 mm above the baseline. On each side, the curvature measured at 520 mm from the centreline shall be 26 mm minimum and 42 mm maximum (see measurement diagrams 9 and 10).





D.4.1.10 The centreboard case shall be in position as shown on measurement diagram 11 and the Drawing No. 5. The forward upper part of the centreboard case shall be 330 mm minimum above the underside of the hull, and the aft upper part shall be 295 mm minimum above the underside of the hull. Overall, the centreboard capping width shall be a maximum of 170 mm.



- **D.4.1.11** The **boat** shall conform to all the dimensions specified on the drawing n° 5.
- **D.4.1.12** The convex curve of the foredeck shall be measured by placing a 300 mm straight edge on any part of the deck forward of the breakwater. In any plane the straight edge shall not be flat against the surface of the deck.

D.4.2 ASSEMBLED HULL FITTINGS

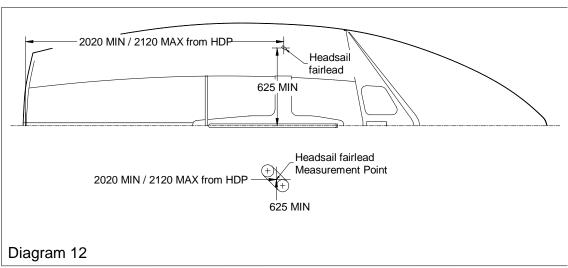
(a) The fittings listed hereunder shall be fitted and used only as specified. Cleats mentioned in these rules, may incorporate a hook or an over-cleat fairlead. A cleat wedge under each cleat is permitted. Except when specified, the direction of the control lines, sheets and ropes shall not be modified by means of shackles,

- rings, loops or holes in the **boat**. Control lines, ropes, sheets, halyards shall not pass through the buoyancy tanks and/or the breakwater.
- (b) No fittings, with the exception of: spinnaker sheet catcher(s), non-slip material on the gunwale, rudder fittings and transom drainage flaps shall project beyond the outboard edges of the gunwale or beyond the profile of the hull.
- (c) No fitting shall serve as an extension of the hull surface.
- (d) Ballast shall not be carried.
- (e) Materials for permitted fittings are optional except that Titanium is prohibited.

D.4.2.1 MANDATORY, WITH POSITION OR DIMENSION SPECIFIED

The following fittings shall be positioned in accordance with the drawing N°5 and shall be used as specified

- (a) One stem-head fitting for attachment of the forestay and the headsail. The centre of the front hole of the stem-head fitting shall be at 4085 mm minimum and 4125 mm maximum from the HDP. Only one hole for the forestay and one hole for the headsail are permitted. The forestay shall be attached to the front hole and the headsail shall be attached to the aft hole.
- (b) Two shroud plates for the shrouds, one for each side of the boat. The centre of the hole of the shroud plates measured on the centreline shall be at 2550 mm minimum and 2570 mm maximum from the HDP.
- (c) One mainsheet track or bar of any profile, made only of metal or GRP. It shall be straight and fixed to the centreboard case capping. The track or bar shall have a maximum height of 40 mm and a maximum width of 40 mm. The centreline of the track or bar shall be fixed to the side tanks at 1400 mm minimum and 1500 mm maximum from the HDP.
- (d) One mast step fixed on the keelson. The length of the mast step shall be 150 mm maximum. The forward part of the mast step shall be at 2890 mm minimum and 2910 mm maximum from the HDP. The bearing surface of the mast step shall be at 5 mm maximum from the top surface of the keelson.
- (e) Two headsail fairleads, the measurement point of which shall be at 2020 mm minimum and 2120 mm maximum from the HDP and 625 mm minimum from the centreline. The fairleads shall be fixed directly to the buoyancy tanks (see diagram 12).



(f) One drain hole in each buoyancy tank, located near the transom, with a diameter of 15 mm minimum and 25 mm maximum

- (g) A minimum of one inspection hole for each buoyancy tank with a minimum diameter of 100 mm.
- (h) Two spinnaker bags located according to Drawing 5.
- (i) At least one draining hole or port in the transom, with a maximum total area of 80 cm². Hinged covers or other devices for closing draining ports or drain holes in the transom. These covers or devices shall not obstruct the rudder

D.4.2.2 MANDATORY, WITH POSITION OR DIMENSION OPTIONAL

- (a) Mainsail, headsail and spinnaker sheets
- (b) Four single-sheave blocks for the mainsheet, one of which may be a ratchet block. The mainsheet shall be attached to the block which is connected to the bridle. Two blocks shall be attached directly to the **boom**. The fourth block shall be fixed to a mounting on the aft part of the centreboard case capping or keelson. The maximum obtained purchase shall be 4:1.
- (c) A bridle made either of
 - i) Two strops, either of rope or wire. Each strop shall be attached to a point on the mainsheet bar/track or its end fittings, and to the mainsheet block, so forming a triangle. Each strop may be adjustable by including one additional permanently fixed eyelet and one snap hook/shackle fixed at the track/bar or its end fittings, or
 - ii) Two strops of rope. The strop of each side shall pass through a sheave or block attached to the end fittings of the mainsheet track/bar, and then end in a cleat without moving parts, fixed on the mainsheet track/bar. One sheave and one cleat per side are the only fittings permitted.
 - Any other adjustment system is prohibited.
- (d) One kicking strap of rope and/or stainless steel wire with a maximum of five single-sheave blocks. One cleat without moving parts and one guiding block directly behind the cleat for the kicking strap system.
- (e) Two rudder fittings (pintles or gudgeons) for the **rudder**.
- (f) One swivelling cleat with moving parts fixed on the aft part or the centreboard case capping or two cleats with moving parts on the side tanks for the mainsheet.
- (g) Two cleats with moving parts, fixed on the side tanks, for the headsail sheets.
- (h) Two cleats without moving parts, fixed on the side tanks, for the spinnaker sheets.
- (i) One fairlead and one cleat with or without moving parts for the spinnaker halyard.
- (j) One cleat without moving parts and one guiding block directly behind the cleat for the spinnaker uphaul/downhaul system (adjusting the height of the **spinnaker pole**). An additional block, a rope and a device to attach the rope is permitted between the **mast** and the cleat mentioned above. **Mast** fittings for the **spinnaker pole** uphaul/downhaul are mentioned in F 2.6.15.
- (I) A maximum of four fairleads (also mentioned in F.5.1.2) for the elastic cord of the two trapeze wires
- (m) Two spinnaker fairleads or blocks for the spinnaker sheets.

D.4.2.3 OPTIONAL

The following fittings -if fitted- shall be used only as specified below:

- (a) One self-bailer
- (b) Toe straps inside the cockpit area for the **crew**, adjustable by means of ropes and knots or one cleat without moving parts, and elastic cord to keep them lifted up.
- (c) Spinnaker catcher fitting(s) which shall not project outside the gunwale edges or more than 150 mm beyond the bow.
- (d) One hook on each side of the **boat**, on shrouds/shroud plates or fixed on the deck and at 100 mm maximum forward of the centre of the hole of the shroud plates, to lead the spinnakers sheets aft.
- (e) One device on each side of the **boat** for securing the spinnaker halyard while the spinnaker is not set
- (f) Tubular covers at the lower end of shrouds or their adjusters and one for the lower end of the forestay to ease the passage of the sheets and to prevent snagging.
- (g) Stainless steel springs under blocks to prevent them from falling over.
- (h) One non-electrical wind indicator at the **mast** head.
- (i) Sealing strips for the centreboard slot of optional material.
- (k) Strips of a minimum length of 300mm to reduce friction and/or the distance between the centreboard and centreboard case, but no device shall be attached to the inside of the centreboard case that could cause the centreboard to gybe (angle to windward).
- (I) A moulded insert in the thwart or a device to secure the **spinnaker pole** in the cockpit.
- m) Headsail tack adjustment system, consisting of a shackle on the stemhead fitting, one cleat without moving parts mounted on the foredeck, one fairlead directly behind the cleat and a single piece of rope.
- (n) One Cunningham control system of rope with a maximum of two singlesheave blocks. One cleat without moving parts and one guiding block directly behind the cleat for the mainsail Cunningham line on the centerboard case capping

D.5 HULL WEIGHT

The **hull weight**, including stem head fitting, shroud plates without shroud adjusters, all fixed fittings, complete hiking straps, rudder pintles or gudgeons, bailer, mainsheet track/bar, **centreboard** pivot pin, inspection hole covers, spinnaker bags and **corrector weights**, but excluding the, **mast**, **boom**, **spinnaker pole**, **centreboard**, the control lines, sheets, the **rudder**, **portable equipment** and the towing rope shall be 80 kg minimum in dry condition.

D.6 HULL CORRECTOR WEIGHTS

If the **hull weight** according to D.5 is found to be less than 80 kg, **corrector weights** of a maximum total weight of 2 kg shall be bolted to the upper inside surface of the transom. The number and total of correctors shall be recorded on the IMF and the measurement **certificate**. **Corrector weights** shall not be removed or altered without the **hull** being re-weighted by an **official measurer**.

Section E - CENTREBOARD, RUDDER AND TILLER

E.1 MEASUREMENT

Centreboard and rudder shall comply with the current class rules.

E.2 CENTREBOARD

- **E.2.1** The **centreboard** shall be of even thickness, minimum 16 mm and maximum 20 mm throughout, except that it may be bevelled to a maximum distance of 105 mm from the edges. Except for permitted bevelling, the thickness shall not vary by more than 1 mm.
- **E.2.2** The centreboard shall be made from one or a combination of the following materials; wood, plywood, polyester resin reinforced with glass fibre, epoxy reinforced with glass fibre and/or plastic foam which includes micro-balloons and may be painted.
- **E.2.3** The profile of the **centreboard** shall conform to the dimensions and tolerances specified on the measurement diagrams 13 & 14.

Lines (OA) and (OE) build the reference axes for length and width respectively, and shall be square to each other. Point (O) is the origin for both axes.

The profile of the centreboard is defined by the points A, origin O, E, G, the lines (GH) and (AI)

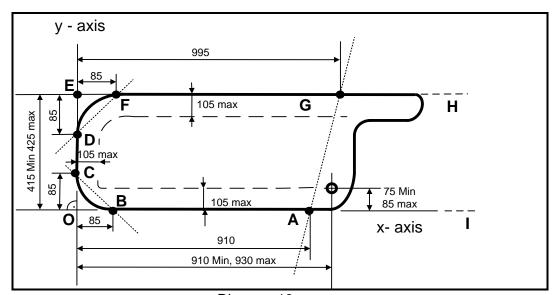


Diagram 13

Point A is on the X axis, 910mm from origin.

Point B is on the X axis, 85mm from origin.

Point C is on the Y axis, 85mm from origin.

The centreboard shall always touch points A, B and C, which are integral to it.

Point F is the point on the trailing edge 85mm from axis Y.

Point G is on the trailing edge at 995mm from Y axis.

Point E is the extension of the trailing edge (FG) on the Y axis.

Point D is the point on the lower edge 85mm from point E, measured along axis Y. It shall be not more than 2mm from axis Y.

The trailing edge (FG) is parallel to the x-axis: the distance of point (G) from the outmost point of the leading edge, measured along y-axis, shall be equal to width (OE) within 2mm. At no point the width of the centreboard shall be more than 425mm or less than 415mm.

	minimum	maximum	
Distance from the centre of the pivot hole to the x-axis	75 mm	85 mm	
Distance from the centre of the pivot hole to the y-axis	910 mm	930 mm	
Distance from E to the x-axis	415 mm	425 mm	
Total (positive, negative or both) deviation of an edge from a straight line:			
Between points A and B from the x-axis		2 mm	
Between points C and D from line (CD)		2 mm	
Between points F and G from line (FG)		2 mm	

Point I is on the X-axis. Lines (AI) and (GH) are parallel. The profile of the centreboard inside area HGAI is free, but no part of it shall lay outside this area.

The shape of the lower corners of the centreboard shall lie within the shaded areas in diagram 14, and no part of the bottom edge of the centreboard shall lie outside the polygon formed between points B, B', C', D', F' and F.

Point B' is the point on the x-axis 45mm from origin O.

Point C' is the point on the y-axis 45mm from origin O.

Point D' is the point on the y-axis 45mm from point E.

Point F' is the point on line (EG), 45mm from point E.

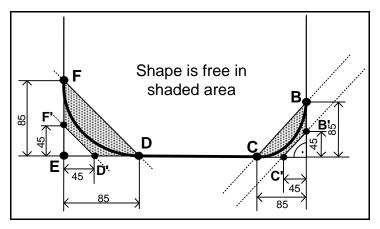


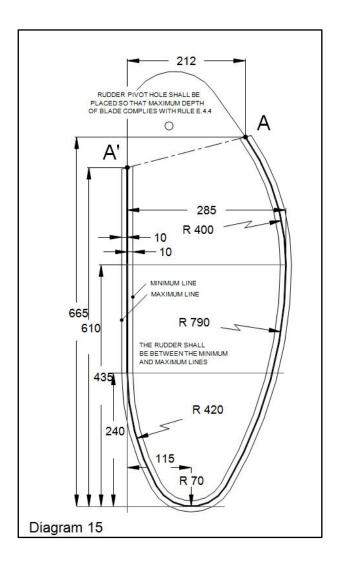
Diagram 14

E.2.4 Only the following fittings are permitted:

- (a) One **centreboard** uphaul of rope and/or elastic using a maximum of three single-sheave blocks and two cleats without moving parts. A cleat wedge is permitted under each cleat, and a fairlead in front of/or integral to the cleat.
- (b) One **centreboard** downhaul of rope and/or elastic, one bush and/or one cleat without moving parts on the centreboard case capping. A wedge is permitted under the cleat.
- **E.2.5** The direction of the control ropes used for the adjustment of the **centreboard** shall be modified only by means of the blocks and the bush specified in rule E.2.4.

E.3 RUDDER

E.3.1 The profile of the **rudder** blade shall conform to the dimensions and tolerances specified on the Diagram 15 (same as the official 420 **rudder** blade drawing - August 2000)



- E.3.2 The rudder blade shall be of even thickness, minimum 16 mm and maximum 20 mm throughout, except that it may be bevelled to a maximum distance of 105 mm from the edges. Except for permitted bevelling, the thickness shall not vary by more than 1 mm.
- E.3.3 The rudder stock shall be made of aluminium alloy and/or stainless steel and the tiller of wood or aluminium alloy. Strips of any material may be added to reduce friction and/or the distance between the rudder stock and rudder blade. The rudder stock shall not act as an extension of the hull. The rudder blade shall be made of one or a combination of the following materials; wood, plywood, polyester with glass fibre, epoxy with glass fibre and/or plastic foam, which includes micro-balloons and may be painted.
- **E.3.4** Only the following fittings are permitted:
 - (a) One **rudder** downhaul made of one stainless steel wire and/or rope and elastic and one cleat without moving parts on the tiller (a wedge under the cleat is permitted), or a pin or bolt through the **rudder** head and **rudder** blade to hold the **rudder** blade down.
 - (b) One tiller extension, which may be telescopic and of any material.
 - (c) One universal joint between tiller and extension.
- **E.3.5** A safety device shall be fitted so that the **rudder** cannot separate from the **hull** if the boat capsizes.

Section F - RIG

F.1 MEASUREMENT

Measurement shall be carried out in accordance with the ERS.

F.2 MAST

F.2.1 MEASUREMENT

The **mast** and its fittings shall comply with the current **class rules**.

F.2.3 MANUFACTURER

Manufacturer is optional.

F.2.4 MATERIALS

The **mast spar** shall be of aluminium alloy. It may be anodised or painted.

F.2.5 CONSTRUCTION

The **mast** shall include a fixed sail groove or track, which may or may not be integral to the **spar** but shall be of aluminium. Rotating and permanently bent **masts** are prohibited but a **mast spar curvature** measured at any place of the **mast** between the **upper** and **lower points**, of a maximum of 40 mm is permitted.

F.2.6 FITTINGS

The following fittings are mandatory and shall be used as specified:

- **F.2.6.1** A **mast** head fitting which may include the upper sheave for the mainsail halyard.
- **F.2.6.2** One halyard for the mainsail, one halyard for the headsail and one halyard for the spinnaker. The end of the spinnaker halyard may be fitted with an elastic cord. The direction of the halyards shall be modified only by means of the blocks, sheaves or fairleads specified in Section F of the **class rules**.
- **F.2.6.3** One lock near the masthead or one lock, cleat or rack below the gooseneck for the mainsail halyard.
- **F.2.6.4** A maximum of two blocks, sheaves, or fairleads for each halyard (mainsail, headsail, spinnaker). These blocks or sheaves shall be fixed on the **spar**.
- **F.2.6.5** The upper headsail halyard sheave, block or fairlead shall be located below the forestay **rigging** point and shall be positioned so that the intersection of the **mast** and the lower edge of the halyard, when at 90° to the **mast**, and extended as necessary, shall be at the distance stated in F.2.7 (see headsail hoist height).
- **F.2.6.6** No part of the upper spinnaker halyard sheave, block or fairlead shall be more than 40 mm from the foreside of the **mast**.
- **F.2.6.7** Two shrouds, one forestay and two trapeze wires and the fittings to secure them to the **mast**. The positions of **rigging points** of the shrouds, forestay and trapeze wires shall be at the distances mentioned in F.2.7 (see shrouds, forestay and trapeze heights).
- **F.2.6.8** A pair of fixed or adjustable metal **spreaders**, with optional attachment systems. The **spreader height** shall be at the distance stated in F.2.7. Optional devices may be attached to the spreaders and/or the rigging to prevent the spinnaker halyard from getting tangled.
- **F.2.6.9** One **spinnaker pole fitting** on the foreside of the **mast**, with a maximum **projection** of 45mm.
- **F.2.6.10** One gooseneck, fixed to the **mast** to connect the **boom** to the **mast**.
- **F.2.6.11** One cleat without moving parts below the gooseneck and one rope, for the mainsail Cunningham line if the system in D.4.2.3(n) is not present. **F.2.6.12** A tensioning system for the headsail halyard made of two blocks with a maximum of six sheaves in

total, and one cleat. This cleat may have moving parts and shall be fixed at one of the two blocks. The system shall be attached via a hook or a shackle to the headsail halyard, and at the other end to the **mast** or the mast step fitting, by means of a wire strop or shackles and an attachment to the **mast** (tang, mast anchor plate etc). Enclosed purchase systems such as power boxes are not permitted.

- **F.2.6.13** One rope or a device around the **mast** and through the mainsail **tack** cringle to secure the mainsail **tack**.
- **F.2.6.14** A protection around the **mast** where it touches the **mast** gate
- F.2.6.15 One spinnaker pole uphaul / downhaul made of rope and elastic and one hook. The spinnaker pole uphaul / downhaul may be fitted with two plastic balls. For the adjustment of the spinnaker pole uphaul / downhaul, only the following fitting is permitted, one eye or block on the foreside of the mast, located below the forestay and shroud attachment. One eye or block or one hole/bush in the mast partner at the foreside of the mast at the level of the mast partner. One block, sheave, or one fairlead at the bottom of the mast. (Additional fittings for the spinnaker pole uphaul/downhaul are stated in D.4.2.2.(j)).
- **F.2.6.16** One kicking-strap attachment fitting
- **F.2.6.17** A **mast** heel fitting which may include the lower sheaves for the halyards and **spinnaker pole** uphaul / downhaul.
- **F.2.6.18** Permanently painted / taped limit marks in a contrasting colour.
- **F.2.6.19** A device for preventing the mainsail from being set above the upper point, to ensure compliance with C.10.3.2.2

F.2.7 DIMENSIONS

Unless otherwise specified, all longitudinal measurements shall be carried out from the **mast datum point**. For this purpose, the **mast datum point** (MDP) is located at the **mast heel point**.

	minimum	maximum
Mast length		6260 mm
Fore and aft mast spar cross section between 1550 mm and 4500 mm from the MDP	50 mm	75 mm
Transverse mast spar cross section within 4500 mm from MDP	45 mm	75 mm
Mast limit marks width	10 mm	
Lower point height		1160 mm
Upper point height from lower point		4900 mm
Headsail Hoist Height	4520 mm	(see F.2.6.5)
Spinnaker hoist height		4650 mm
Shrouds, forestay and trapeze heights	4550 mm	4650 mm
Spreader height	2550 mm	2650 mm

F.2.8 WEIGHT

The **mast weight**, with fittings specified in F.2.6 but without the tensioning system mentioned in F.2.5.12 and the rope mentioned in F.2.5.13, and including fittings specified in F.5.1 without the elastic cord and the four fairleads stated in F.5.1.2 and with the length of elastic at the level of the **spreaders** as stated in F.5.1.2, shall be not less than 7.5 kg.

F.2.9 The centre of gravity of the **mast**, including fittings and **rigging** listed in F.2.8 with the shrouds, forestay, trapeze wires and halyards secured along the **mast**, shall be at 2400 mm minimum from the **mast datum point**. For the measurement, the halyards shall be hoisted and the halyard tails outside the **mast** shall be kept in hand by the measurer.

F.3 BOOM

F.3.1 MEASUREMENT

The **boom** and its fittings shall comply with the current **class rules**.

F.3.2 MANUFACTURER

Manufacturer is optional.

F.3.3 MATERIALS

The boom **spar** shall be of aluminium alloy. It may be anodised or painted.

F.3.4 CONSTRUCTION

- **F.3.4.1** The **boom** shall include a fixed aluminium sail groove or track, which may or may not be integral to the boom **spar**.
- **F.3.4.2** The boom **spar** shall be of the same cross section throughout and shall not be tapered.

F.3.5 FITTINGS

F.3.5.1 MANDATORY

- **F.3.5.1.1** A kicking-strap attachment (eye, plate, or hole through the **boom**)
- **F.3.5.1.2** Two mainsheet block attachments fittings (eyes, plates, or holes through the **boom**)
- **F.3.5.1.3** A gooseneck attachment
- **F.3.5.1.4** One end fitting which may incorporate one sheave. One outhaul consisting of rope, a maximum of one block, one cleat without moving parts and optional elastic cord. A guiding block directly behind the cleat may be used.
- **F.3.5.1.5** A device for preventing the mainsail from being set outside the outer point, to ensure compliance with C.10.3.2.2
- **F.3.5.1.6** Permanently painted / taped **outer limit mark** in a contrasting colour.

F.3.5.2 OPTIONAL

- **F.3.5.2.1** Ropes or devices through the cringles and around the **boom** to secure the **mainsail** at the **clew point** and the **tack point**.
- **F.3.5.2.2** Protections where the **boom** touches the shrouds, of any material (maximum length / height / thickness = 100 mm /50 mm /5 mm)

F.3.6 DIMENSIONS

	minimum	maximum
Vertical boom spar cross section	55 mm	89 mm
Transverse boom spar cross section	32 mm	76 mm
Boom limit mark width	10 mm	
Outer point distance		2400 mm

F.4 SPINNAKER POLE

F.4.1 MEASUREMENT

The **spinnaker pole** and its fittings shall comply with the current **class rules**

F.4.2 MANUFACTURER

Manufacturer is optional

F.4.3 MATERIALS

The spinnaker pole **spar** shall be made of aluminium.

F.4.4 FITTINGS

Only the following fittings are permitted:

- (a) End fittings and control line which may incorporate knots, toggles or short tubes for easier handling.
- (b) Fittings approximately at the midpoint for attachment for uphaul/downhaul.

F.4.5 DIMENSIONS

The maximum **spinnaker pole length** is 1750 mm.

F.5 RIGGING AND FITTINGS

F.5.1 RIGGING

The standing **rigging** shall comply with the current **class rules**. **Certification** is not required. The following **rigging** shall be used, and consist of only:

- **F.5.1.1** A **forestay** and one **shroud** on each side, to support the **mast**. These shall be of steel wire rope with a minimum diameter of 2 mm. Rod rigging is prohibited.
- F.5.1.2 One steel **trapeze** wire, with a minimum diameter of 2 mm, on each side for the use of one person only. Each **trapeze** adjustment system shall be provided with a maximum of one handhold, two sheaves, rings or hooks, an elastic cord, one rope, and one cleat. The trapeze wires may be substituted with rope for a maximum length of 500mm from the handhold. The two **trapezes** shall be connected to the **boat** by elastic cord with a maximum of four fairleads as stated in D.4.2.2.(I). A length of elastic is permitted to keep the **trapeze** wires clear of the **spreaders**. Self-tacking **trapeze** systems are not allowed.

F.5.2 FITTINGS

F.5.2.1 Each **shroud** shall be attached to the shroud plates by means of plates having rows of adjustment holes and pins. No other method of shroud adjustment is permitted.

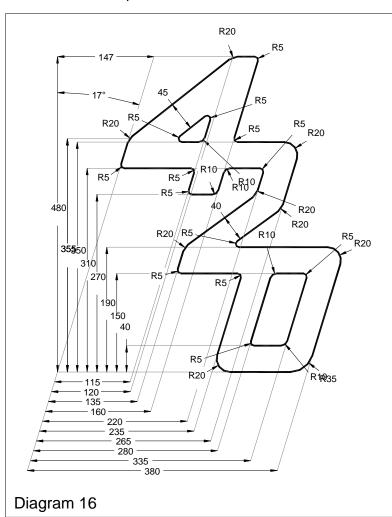
Section G - SAILS

G.1. MEASUREMENT

- **G.1.1** Measurement shall be carried out in accordance with the current ERS.
- **G.1.2** Unless otherwise specified in these rules, **sails** shall comply with the current **class** rules.
- **G.1.3** Headsails may be measured with battens inside the **batten pockets**.

G.2 CERTIFICATION

- **G.2.1** The **official measurer** shall **certify** mainsails and headsails at the **tack**, and spinnakers at the **head**, and shall sign and date the **certification mark**. The mainsail and the spinnaker may be certified without letters and numbers, but they shall comply when *racing* with Class rule C.10.3.1 and C.10.5.1)
- G.2.2 An ISAF In-House Certification (IHC) Authorizing Authority may appoint one or more In-House Official Measurers at a sailmaker to measure and certify sails produced by that manufacturer in accordance with the ISAF guidelines.
- **G.2.3** For the mainsail and jib, the weight in g/m² of the **body of the sail** shall be indelibly marked near the **head point** by the sailmaker together with the date and his signature or stamp.



G.2.4 SAILMAKER

Sailmaker is optional.

G.3 MAINSAIL

G.3.1 EMBLEM

The 420 emblem shall be in dark blue, positioned below and adjacent to the top **batten pocket** and conform to the dimensions and requirements mentioned in the diagram with a tolerance of ± 2 mm (see diagram 16).

G.3.2 CONSTRUCTION

G.3.2.1 The construction shall be: **Soft sail**, **single-ply sail**.

G.3.2.2 The **body of the sail** shall consist of the same white **woven ply** throughout except for the panel adjacent to the **foot**, which may be of a different **woven ply**. The **ply** fibres shall be of polyester. **Batten pocket patches** may be made from a **woven ply** of less weight than that of the body of the sail.

- **G.3.2.3** The weight of the **ply** of the **body of the sail** shall be minimum 150 g/m².
- **G.3.2.4** The following are permitted:

Stitching, glues, tabling, tapes, bolt ropes for the luff and the foot, one cringle/eye at each sail corner, one headboard with fixings, one Cunningham eye, a rope for the

Cunningham, batten pocket patches, batten pocket elastic, one batten pocket end cap and one batten tensioning device for the top batten pocket, one boom slide at the clew, tell tales, ICA sail button or sticker, sailmaker's trade mark, one window.

G.3.2.5 The ICA sail button / sticker shall be fixed in the **tack**.

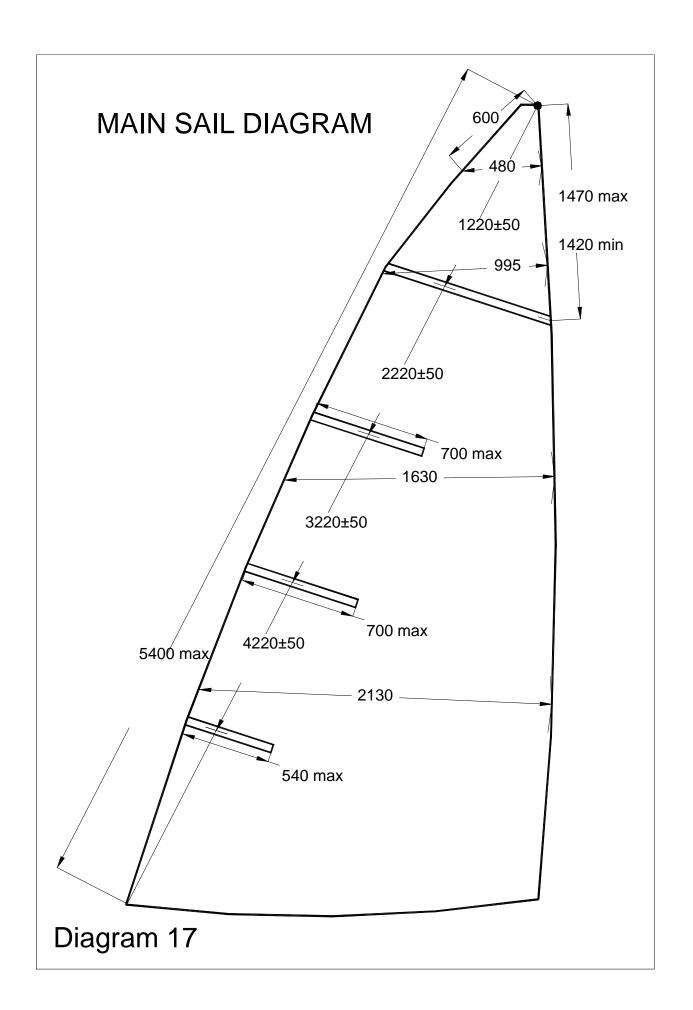
G.3.2.6 The **leech** shall not extend aft of straight lines between:

- (1) The **aft head point** and the intersection of the **leech** and the upper edge of the nearest **batten pocket**,
- (2) The intersection of the **leech** and the lower edge of a **batten pocket** and the intersection of the **leech** and the upper edge of an adjacent **batten pocket** below,
- (3) The **clew point** and the intersection of the **leech** and the lower edge of the nearest **batten pocket**.

G.3.3 DIMENSIONS (SEE DIAGRAM 17)

	Minimum	Maximum
Leech length		5400 mm
Quarter width		2130 mm
Half width		1630 mm
Three-quarter width		995 mm
Upper width at upper leech point		
(600 mm from the head point)		480 mm
Top Width		115 mm
Flutter patches reinforcement size		100 mm
Chafing patches reinforcement size		900 mm
Primary reinforcements		300 mm
Secondary reinforcements		900 mm
Batten pocket patches		150 mm
Extension of the centreline of the top		
batten pocket to the luff from the head	1420 mm	1470 mm
point		
Distance from the end of the upper		
Batten pocket to the luff		20 mm
Inside batten pocket length of lowermost		540 mm
Inside batten pocket length of the two		700 mm
intermediate		
Inside Batten pocket width		60 mm
Window Area		0.3 m^2
Window to the sail edge	150 mm	
Foot boltrope length for sails first certified after 1 st March 2003	1920 mm	
artor i maron 2000		

The batten pocket position as shown in diagram 17 shall be measured with the leech flattened by folding/flaking.



G.4 HEADSAIL

G.4.1 CONSTRUCTION

- **G.4.1.1** The construction shall be: **Soft sail**, **single-ply sail**. The **leech** shall not extend beyond a straight line between the aft **head point** and the **clew** point (i.e. shall not be convex).
- **G.4.1.2** The **body of the sail** shall consist of the same white woven **ply** throughout. The **ply** fibres shall be of polyester.
- **G.4.1.3** The weight of the **ply** of the **body of the sail** shall be minimum 150 gr/m².
- **G.4.1.4** The headsail may have a maximum of three **batten pockets** in the **leech**.
- **G.4.1.5** The following are permitted: Stitching, glues, tapes, **tabling**, one cringle / eye at each **sail corner**, one **window**, tell tales, a rope for the **luff** tension adjustment and one cleat in the **tack** area, a steel wire rope inside the **luff** sleeve, sail button / sticker, sailmaker's trade mark, **batten pocket patches** which may be made from a **woven ply** thinner than that of the **body of the sail**..
- **G.4.1.5** The sail button / sticker shall be fixed in the **tack**.

G.4.2 DIMENSIONS

	Maximum
Luff length	3500 mm
Leech length	3200 mm
Foot length	1750 mm
Foot median	3360 mm
Top width	40 mm
Foot irregularity for sails first certified after 1st March 2010	30 mm
Flutter patches reinforcement size	100 mm
Batten pocket inside length	200 mm
Batten pocket patches	150 mm
Chafing patches reinforcement size	900 mm
Primary reinforcements	300 mm
Secondary reinforcements	900 mm
Window area	0,1 m ²
Window dimension	540 mm

G.5 SPINNAKER

G.5.1 CONSTRUCTION

- **G.5.1.1** The construction shall be: **Soft sail**, **single-ply sail**. The **sail** shall be symmetrical about its centreline. The colour of any **tabling** and reinforcement is optional.
- **G.5.1.2** The **body of the sail** shall consist of the same **woven ply** throughout, this limitation not applying to the colour. The **ply** fibres shall be of polyester or polyamide.
- **G.5.1.3** The following are permitted: Stitching, glues, tapes, corner eyes, tell tales, sail button / sticker, sailmaker's mark.
- **G.5.1.4** The sail button / sticker shall be fixed in the **head**.

G.5.2 DIMENSIONS

	Maximum
Leech Length	4000 mm
Foot Length	2220 mm
Half Width	2840 mm
Primary Reinforcements	300 mm

Secondary Reinforcements	900 mm
Foot Median for sails first certified after 15th March 2007	4650 mm

OFFICIAL DOCUMENTS:

International 420 Class Rules

Lines plan (Plan de formes) issue C (August 2004)

Building specification (Drawing N° 5) issue H (February 2009)

International 420 Rudder Blade Drawing (August 2000)

International Measurement Form (January 2013)

Official templates used for measurement:

BOW (ISSUE C); C1 (ISSUE B); C2 (ISSUE B); C3 (ISSUE B); C4 (ISSUE B); C5 (ISSUE B); C6 (ISSUE B); C7 (ISSUE B); C8 (ISSUE B); C9 (ISSUE B); C10 (ISSUE B) AND STERN (ISSUE B or C).

Effective Date: 1st January 2013 Published Date: 29th November 2012 Previous issue: 27th November 2012